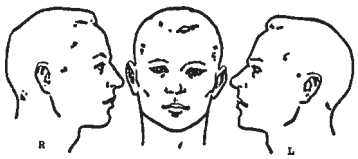
Excision (Complex/Intermediate Repair) Operative Note

Patient Name: _____ DOB: ___/___/___ Date: ___/___/___

Confirmed by Bx # _____ Date: ___/___/___

❑ Previously biopsied ❑ Not previously biopsied



Location: _____ Lesion size (excised diameter) _____ cm

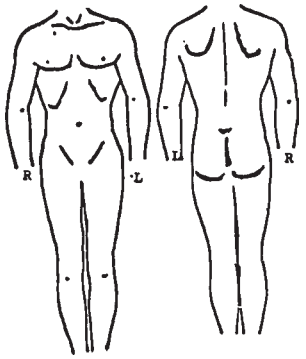
Diagnosis: _____

Type of procedure:
- ❑ Excision down to fat
- ❑ Simple repair
- ❑ Intermediate repair
- ❑ Complex repair

Details of procedure: _____

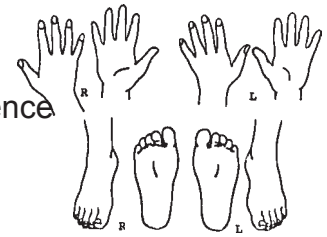
_____

Anesthesia:
- ❑ Xylocaine 1%
- ❑ Xylocaine 1% with epi
- ❑ Xylocaine 2%
- ❑ Xylocaine 2% with epi
- ❑ Emla
- ❑ Other _____



<u>Medical necessity for type of repair:</u>
- ❑ Close large gap/hole caused by lesion removal
- ❑ Extensive undermining required
- ❑ Burrow's Triangles required
- ❑ Preserve normal anatomy
- ❑ Maintain function in the area

  Explain: _____
- ❑ Inelasticity of skin made closure difficult
- ❑ Damaged skin surrounding defect made closure difficult
- ❑ Reduce subcutaneous dead space to reduce risk of hematoma
- ❑ Reduce tension on skin to allow closure
- ❑ Reduce tension to reduce risk of skin necrosis, infection, and wound dehiscence
- ❑ Reduce tension to enhance both functional and cosmetic results
- ❑ Avoid injury to tendons and nerves in the area



Blood vessels: ❑ Electrocoagulated ❑ Ligated with _____ # ____ sutures

Defect/wound closed with: _____ # _____ sutures

Final defect size/Length of repair: _____ ❑ sq/cm ❑ mm ❑ cm

❑ Dressing applied ❑ Postop instructions given ❑ Return in _____days

❑ Pain Medication _____

_____ ___/___/___

Signature Date